

Each sport psychology consultant possesses a specific set of skills that defines the scope of his or her competencies. Thus, when choosing a consultant, it is important for athletes, coaches/parents and athletic administrators to consider the following guidelines:

### ***1. Identify the types of sport psychology services you wish to receive.***

Are you looking for someone who can develop a performance psychology program and assist athletes during the injury rehabilitation process? Are you looking for someone to help athletes with drug and alcohol abuse problems or eating disorders? The answers to questions like these and others dealing with the types of services you are looking for will help you decide what type of sport psychology consultant to interview and the competencies that person should have.

### ***2. Determine whether a prospective consultant has the appropriate training and possesses the necessary competencies (i.e., skill sets) to deliver those services.***

Professional competencies also include the amount and type of experience the consultant has had in working with athletes. Taken together (i.e., academic training, skill set, and applied experience), a consultant's competencies will usually lie along a continuum that runs from Performance Psychology to Clinical Consulting. In general, consultants trained in the sport sciences who possess skills sets and applied experiences in mental training with athletes will have competencies that put them closer to the Performance Psychology end of the continuum. Those trained and licensed in psychology with applied experience providing assistance with problems like drug and alcohol abuse, eating disorders, and anger management will generally possess competencies that place them closer to the Clinical Consulting end of the continuum. In some cases, professionals with academic training in one area will obtain additional training or supervised applied experiences in the other, enabling them to provide a wider variety of services for athletes.

**(For more on training see section below.)**

### ***3. Require supporting documentation of a prospective consultant's credentials before making a final decision.***

Check with colleagues who have employed the consultant as well as with some coaches and athletes who have worked with him or her. Ask people whose opinion you respect and who will be honest with you to tell you about their experience with the consultant—just like you would if you were looking for a good doctor or dentist. If you are interested in hiring a performance enhancement specialist, look for AASP Certification ([www.aaasponline.org](http://www.aaasponline.org)) or USOC Registry membership. If you intend to hire a licensed psychologist, obtain verification that the person is licensed (or in the process of obtaining a license) to practice in your state. Any clinical or counseling psychologist who describes him or herself as a sport psychologist should have specific training in sport psychology. If you are looking for an individual with a particular competency (e.g., treatment of eating disorders) find out what coursework, training, and/or certification the prospective consultant has had or currently possesses that indicates competence in that area.

## **Training Models in Sport Psychology**

Training in applied sport psychology varies considerably from individual to individual and from academic program to academic program. Professionals who provide sport psychology services generally take one of two academic routes to obtain their credentials:

- the sport science route (through physical education or kinesiology programs)
- the psychology route (through clinical or counseling psychology programs)

The route one chooses will determine not only the emphasis of that individual's training but very likely the types and levels of consulting he or she can offer.

The **sport science route** follows a physical education/kinesiology-based track of coursework and practicum experiences, which normally include sport psychology, exercise physiology, motor learning, sport sociology, and direct contact with athletes in performance situations. While individuals who choose this option often take a number of traditional psychology courses during their programs of study, they do not usually become licensed psychologists. Sport-science trained professionals are qualified to conduct mental skills training with athletes in a variety of areas of performance psychology—such as goal setting, motivation, focus and concentration, energy management, confidence building, as well as life skills. Many hold positions as professors of sport psychology and some have had prior experience as competitive athletes and coaches.

The **psychology route** includes standard psychology coursework— such as counseling, psychological evaluation, psychopathology, therapy techniques, as well as clinical or counseling internship experiences. Individuals who choose this route most often become licensed psychologists. Each state has its own licensure requirements, and professionals must meet those requirements before practicing in that state. Licensed psychologists provide clinical or counseling assistance for individuals in areas such as depression, grief or loss, life management, and dysfunctional behaviors such as alcoholism, drug abuse, anger management, and eating disorders. Many clinical and counseling psychologists hold positions in private practice and serve a broad range of clientele as well as athletes.

### **Visit “Find A Certified Consultant” on the AASP Web Site**

The Certified Consultant Finder of the Association for Applied Sport Psychology ([www.appliedsportpsych.org](http://www.appliedsportpsych.org)) was designed to assist people in locating an AASP Certified Consultant to address their needs. The AASP members listed in the Directory have met the professional criteria set by AASP. The Certified Consultant Review Committee evaluated and approved their credentials, coursework and consulting experiences in sport and exercise psychology. The Finder allows you to search for a Certified Consultant by location and country.

*The Association for Applied Sport Psychology (AASP) promotes the ethical practice, science and advocacy of sport and exercise psychology. Founded in 1986, AASP is an international, multidisciplinary, professional organization that offers certification to qualified professionals who practice sport, exercise and health psychology. With more than 1,200 members in 28 countries, AASP is a worldwide leader, sharing research and resources with the public via its Web site, [www.appliedsportpsych.org](http://www.appliedsportpsych.org).*

